IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Cancel) .
- 2. (Cancel) .
- 3. (Cancel) .
- 4. (Cancel) .
- 5. (Cancel) .
- 6. (Original) A receiver comprising:

a time-domain to frequency-domain converter responsive to a signal received by an antenna in frames k and k+1, for developing signals Y^k in frame k and signals Y^{k+1} in frame k+1;

a linear combiner for creating a first linear combination signal, $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^k$, from signals related to \mathbf{Y}^k and \mathbf{Y}^{k+1} , and a second linear combination signal, $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^{k+1}$, from signals related to \mathbf{Y}^k and \mathbf{Y}^{k+1} , where said first linear combination is different from said second linear combination;

an equalizer that pre-multiplies signal $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^k$ by a diagonal matrix \mathbf{W} to form signal $\tilde{\mathbf{Z}}^k$, and pre-multiplies signal $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^{k+1}$ by said diagonal matrix \mathbf{W} to form signal $\tilde{\mathbf{Z}}^{k+1}$;

- a frequency-domain to time-domain converter for converting signals $\tilde{\mathbf{Z}}^k$ and $\tilde{\mathbf{Z}}^{k+1}$ to time-domain signals; and
 - a slicer responsive to said time domain signals.
- 7. (Original) The receiver of claim 6 where said time-domain to frequency-domain converter implements a Fast Fourier Transform algorithm.
- 8. (Original) The receiver of claim 6 where said frequency-domain to time-domain converter implements an inverse Fast Fourier Transform algorithm.

- 9. (Original) The receiver of claim 6 where said linear combiner, in creating signal $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^k$ from component signals related to \mathbf{Y}^k and \mathbf{Y}^{k+1} , multiplies at least one of said component signals by a diagonal matrix.
- 10. (Original) The receiver of claim 6 where said linear combiner, in creating signal $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^k$ from component signals related to \mathbf{Y}^k and \mathbf{Y}^{k+1} , multiplies each of said component signals by a different diagonal matrix.
- 11. (Original) The receiver of claim 6 where said linear combiner, in creating signal $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^k$ from component signals related to \mathbf{Y}^k and \mathbf{Y}^{k+1} , employs diagonal matrices Λ_1 and Λ_2 where diagonal matrix Λ_1 is related to characteristics of transmission medium between a first antenna of a transmitter of signals received by said receiver, and Λ_2 is related to characteristics of transmission medium between a first antenna of a transmitter of signals received by said receiver.
- 12. (Original) The receiver of claim 11 where said linear combiner, in creating signal $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^{k+1}$ from component signals related to \mathbf{Y}^k and \mathbf{Y}^{k+1} , employs diagonal matrices that are related to said matrices Λ_1 and Λ_2 through operations taken from a set that includes negations and complex conjugations.
- 13. (Original) The receiver of claim 6 where said linear combiner creates signal $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^k = \boldsymbol{\Lambda}_1^* \mathbf{Y}^k + \boldsymbol{\Lambda}_2 \overline{\mathbf{Y}}^{k+1}$, and signal $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^{k+1} = \boldsymbol{\Lambda}_2^* \mathbf{Y}^k \boldsymbol{\Lambda}_1 \overline{\mathbf{Y}}^{k+1}$, where $\overline{\mathbf{Y}}^{k+1}$ is a complex conjugate of \mathbf{Y}^{k+1} .
- 14. (Original) The receiver of claim 13 where elements of said diagonal matrix W are related to matrices Λ_1 and Λ_2 .

15. (Original) The receiver of claim 13 where said diagonal matrix W has elements

$$\mathbf{W}(i,i) = \frac{1}{\tilde{\Lambda}(i,i) + \frac{1}{SNR}}, \text{ where } \tilde{\Lambda}(i,i) = \Lambda_1(i,i)\Lambda_1^*(i,i) + \Lambda_2(i,i)\Lambda_2^*(i,i), \text{ and } (\cdot)^*$$

represents a complex conjugate operation, and SNR is a computed value.

16. (Original) A receiver comprising:

a time-domain to frequency-domain converter responsive to a signal received by an antenna in frames $k, k+1, \ldots k+m$, where m is a selected integer greater than 0, for developing signals \mathbf{Y}^k , \mathbf{Y}^{k+1} , ... \mathbf{Y}^{k+m} , in frames $k, k+1, \ldots k+m$, respectively;

a linear combiner for creating signals $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^k$, $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^{k+1}$, ... $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^{k+m}$ from linear combinations of signals related to \mathbf{Y}^k , \mathbf{Y}^{k+1} , ... \mathbf{Y}^{k+m} ;

an equalizer that pre-multiplies each signal $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}^{j}$, j=k, k+1, ... k+m by a diagonal matrix W to form signals $\tilde{\mathbf{Z}}^{j}$, j=k, k+1, ... k+m;

a frequency-domain to time-domain converter for converting signals $\tilde{\mathbf{Z}}^{I}$ to time-domain signals; and

a slicer responsive to said time domain signals.

17. (Original) The receiver of claim 17 where said signals related to signals Y^k , Y^{k+1} , ... Y^{k+m} are related to said signals Y^k , Y^{k+1} , ... Y^{k+m} through operations from a set that includes negations and complex conjugations.

18. (Original) A receiver comprising:

p antennas, where p is an integer greater than 1;

a time-domain to frequency-domain converter responsive to a signal received by each of said antennas in frames k, k+1, ... k+m, where m is a selected integer greater than 0, for developing signals \mathbf{Y}_{j}^{k} , \mathbf{Y}_{j}^{k+1} , ... \mathbf{Y}_{j}^{k+m} , in frames k, k+1, ... k+m, respectively, where subscript j identifies a j^{th} antennas of said p antennas;

a linear combiner for creating groups of signals $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_n^k$, $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_n^{k+1}$, ... $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_n^{k+m}$ for each value of subscript $j=1,2,\ldots p$, from linear combinations of signals related to said signals $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_n^k$, $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_n^{k+1}$, ... $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_n^{k+m}$, when n is an index designating a transmitting unit that supplies signals to said p antennas;

an equalizer that pre-multiplies each signal $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_n^q$, $q=k, k+1, \ldots k+m$ by a diagonal matrix W to form signals $\tilde{\mathbf{Z}}_n^q$, $q=k, k+1, \ldots k+m$;

a frequency-domain to time-domain converter for converting signals $\tilde{\mathbf{Z}}_n^q$ to time-domain signals; and

a slicer responsive to said time domain signals.

19. (Original) The receiver of claim 18 where p=2, and where said linear combiner obtains signals $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_n^k$ and $\tilde{\mathbf{Y}}_n^{k+1}$ by computing

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{Y}}_{l}^{k} \\ \hat{\mathbf{Y}}_{2}^{k} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{I} & -\mathbf{\Lambda}_{2-1}\mathbf{\Lambda}_{l-2}^{-1} \\ -\mathbf{\Lambda}_{2-2}\mathbf{\Lambda}_{l-1}^{-1} & \mathbf{I} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{Y}_{1}^{k} \\ \mathbf{Y}_{2}^{k} \end{bmatrix}$$

where \hat{Y}_1^k represents signal received at said receiver, in frame k, from transmitting unit 1, and \hat{Y}_2^k represents signal received at said receiver, in frame k, from transmitting unit 1, Λ_{1-1} is a diagonal matrix representing transmission medium between transmitting unit 1 and a first one of said two antennas, Λ_{2-1} is a diagonal matrix representing transmission medium between transmitting unit 2 and said first one of said two antennas Λ_{1-2}^{-1} is a diagonal matrix representing transmission medium between said transmitting unit 1 and a second one of said two antennas Λ_{2-2} is a diagonal matrix representing transmission medium between said transmission

20. (Original) A method carried out in a receiver for decoding received frame signals of a unit that transmits over p antennas, comprising the steps of:

converting each received frame signal to frequency domain;

in groups of p consecutive converted frame signals, combining said converted frame signals to form p intermediate signals;

multiplying said intermediate signals by values related to transfer characteristics between said p antennas and said receiver, to obtain thereby equalized signals;

converting said equalized signals to time domain, to obtain time domain estimate signals; and

carrying out a decision regarding information symbols transmitted by said unit, based on said estimate signals.

- 21. (Original) The method of claim 20 where said combining is linear combining.
- 22. (Original) The method of claim 20 where said transfer characteristics employed in said step of multiplying are frequency domain characteristics of transmission channel between said p antennas and said receiver.